# NIPA: Matters



# 10 May 2021

Neurodiversity in Infrastructure Planning and ensuring a flexible approach to communication





# **Agenda**

- Introductions
- Importance of planning for neurodiversity and in particular ensuring that we engage better with those who are neurodiverse
- Good communication in National Infrastructure to reach and engage with the widest community
- Introduction to the Neurodiversity in Planning Toolkit
- Next steps how can we adapt in delivering National Infrastructure and the planning and delivery process?
- Q&A Discussion





# **Sue Manns FRTPI FRSA**













# Survey by Manchester University (2014) – 1500 people

How much of a difference would it make to your opinion of nuclear power if you could choose from different design options that 'fit in' more closely with the local environment?

14% A big difference, worthwhile doing

27% Some difference, worthwhile doing

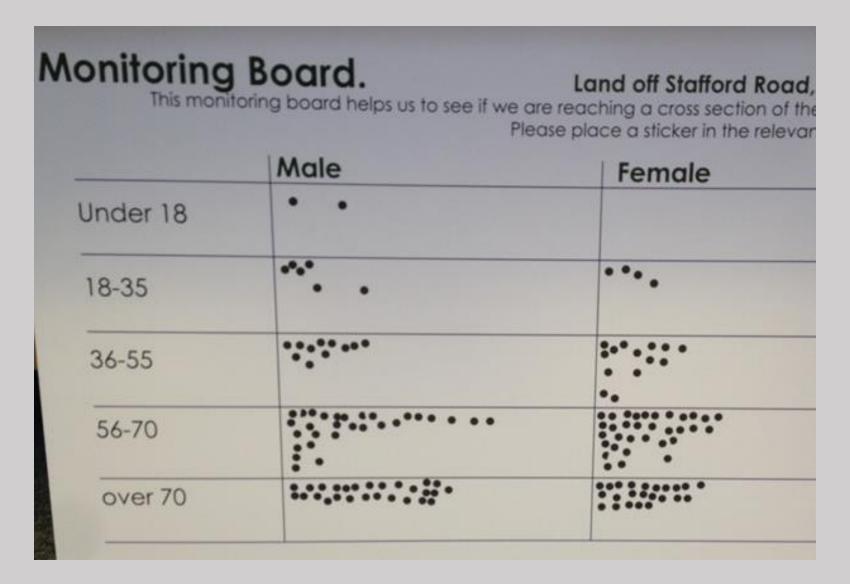
32% Not sure

5% Some difference, not worth doing

12% No difference, not worth doing this



"traditional models of community engagement .... disproportionately encourages engagement from people from a narrow set of demographic groups typically older, better off and white "



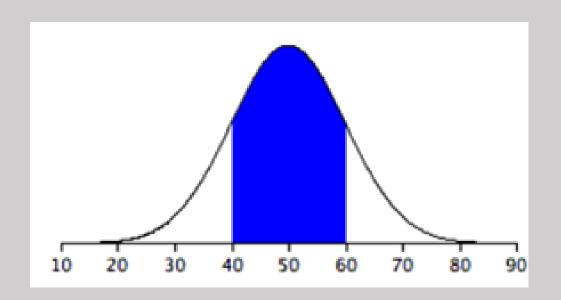
- The average response rate for UK public consultations stands at 0.7% - Consultation Institute
- Are views representative?
- How does this impact on decisions?

# Typical profile of visitors to an exhibition

## Everyone of us is different. We are all unique

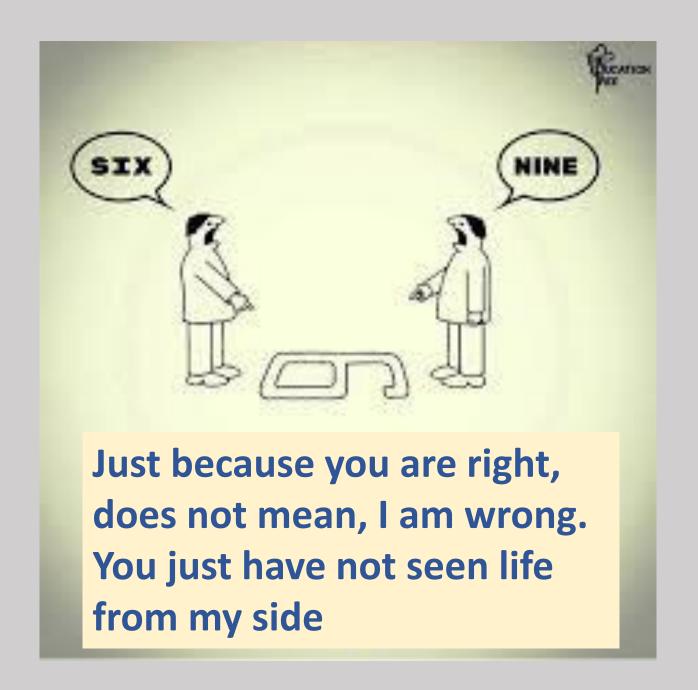
We look different, we have different life experiences and we

think in different ways





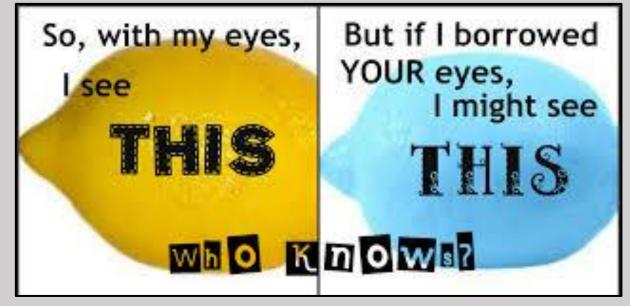


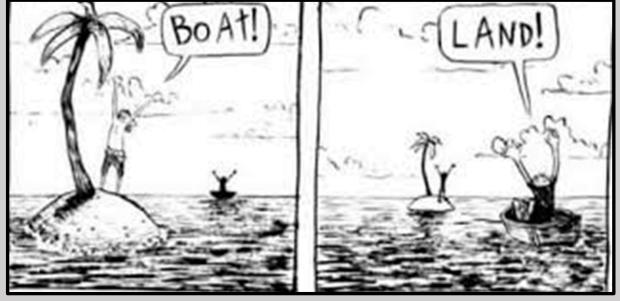






@marketoonist.com

















# PUBLIC EXHIBITION

e Homes is holding a Public Exhibition to display the proposals for its develop vr of School Lane, Wickham. Croudace's team will be on hand to answer ar

POSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

'R OF SCHOOL LANE | WICKHAM / HAMPSHIRE

This is a public exhibition, pleas along and let us know your view

#### VENUE:

Wickham Community Centre, Mill Lane, Wickham, PO17 5AL

#### DATE:

Monday 7th March 2016 2pm - 7pm

ORMATION

ROUDACEHOMES.CO.UK





Crou HOMES. We often fail to think of things from the perspective of the consultee

Full of words and 2D plan images

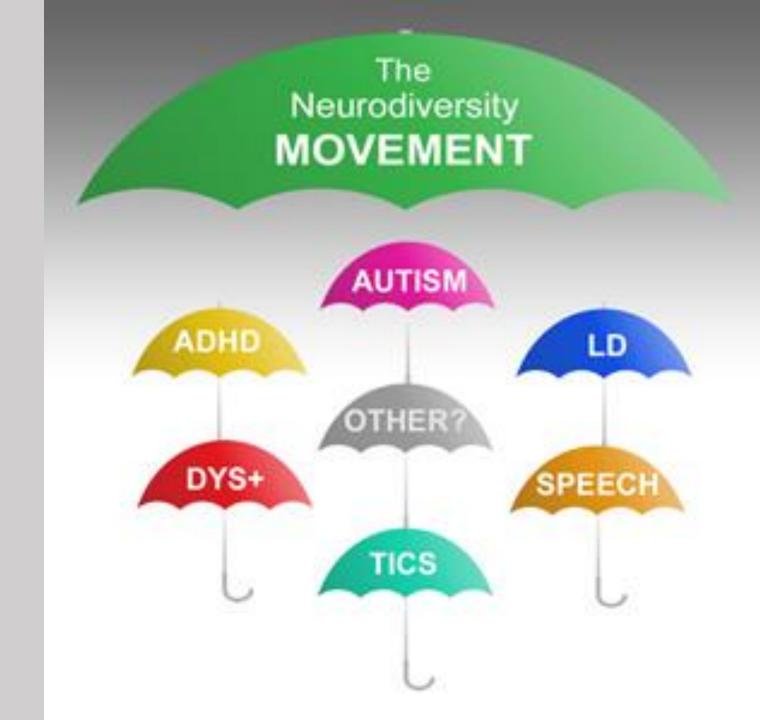




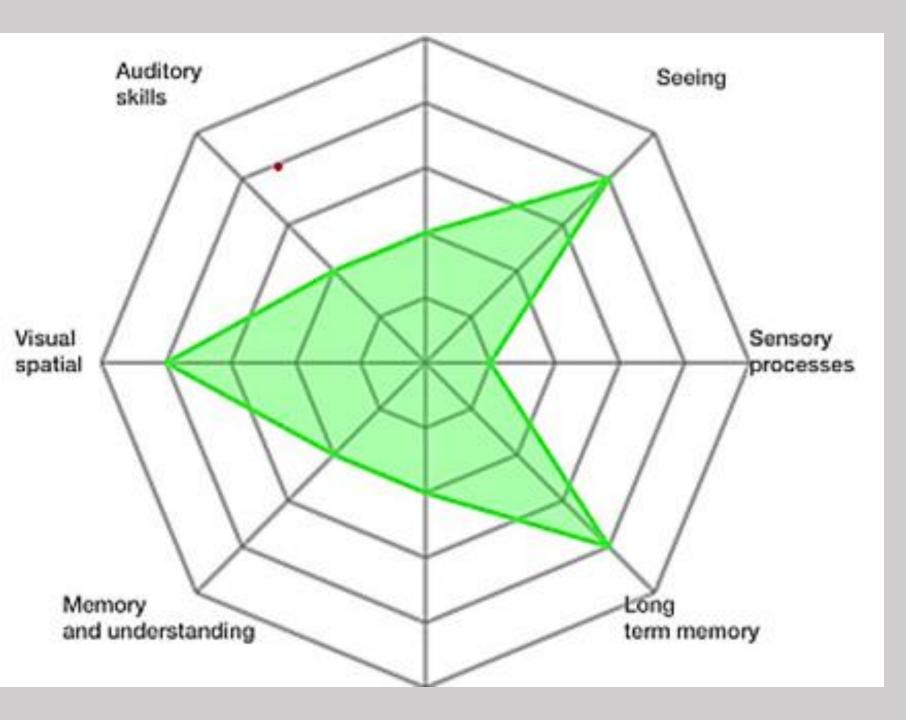
# **Neurodiversity**

of the UK's total population are neurodivergent

That is 1 in 7 of us







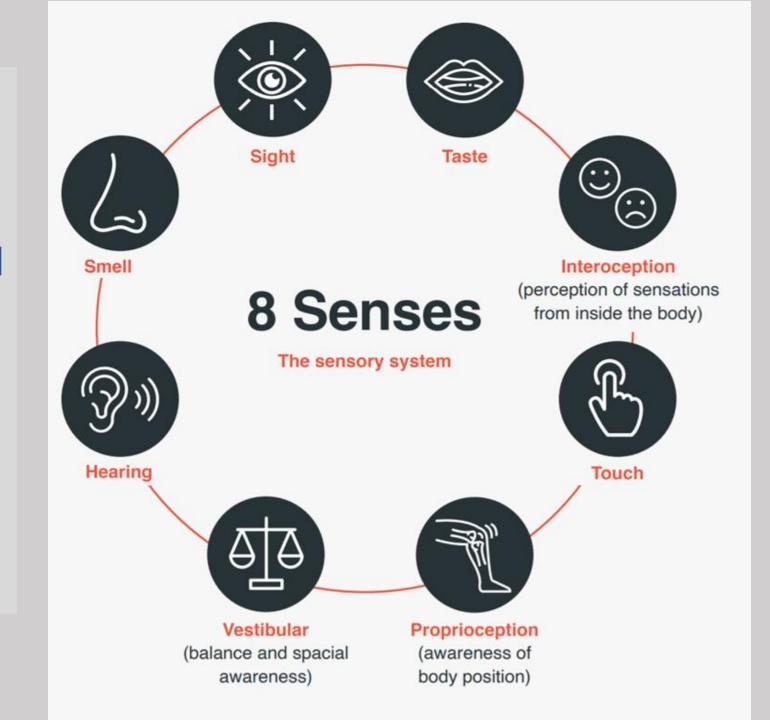
What would your profile look like?

Would it be like mine?

We all think, learn and communicate differently

We need to think about all user experiences, not just our own

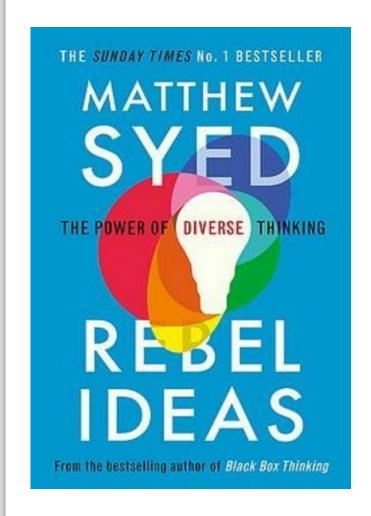
Challenges and opportunities for engagement professionals

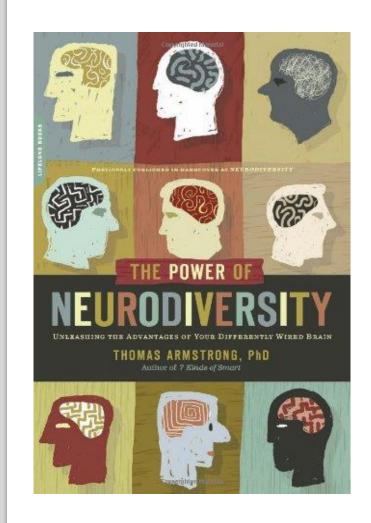


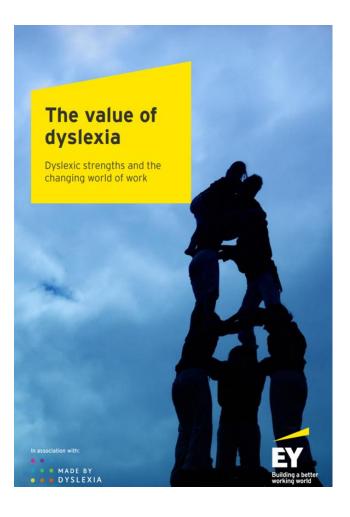








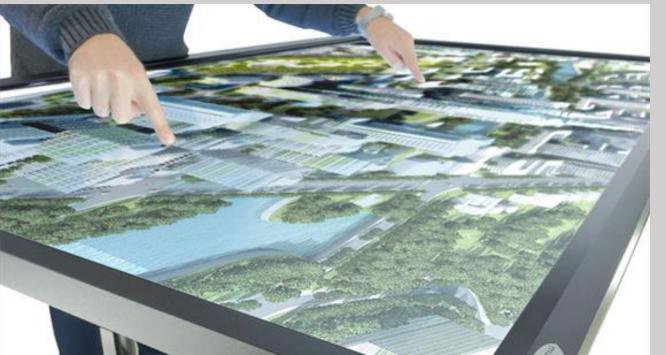












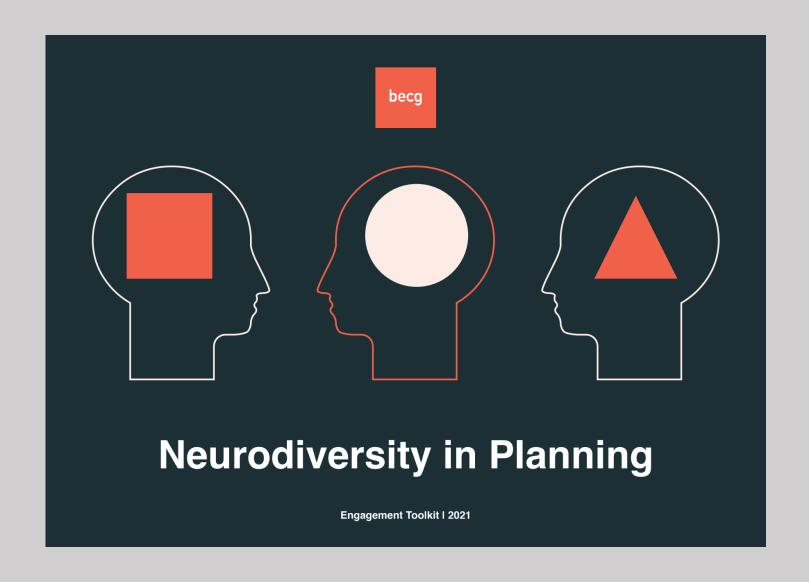
# Technology is driving a positive change







# **Neurodiversity in Planning – Engagement Toolkit**



To help facilitate and encourage greater neurodiverse engagement at all stages of the planning process





# becg

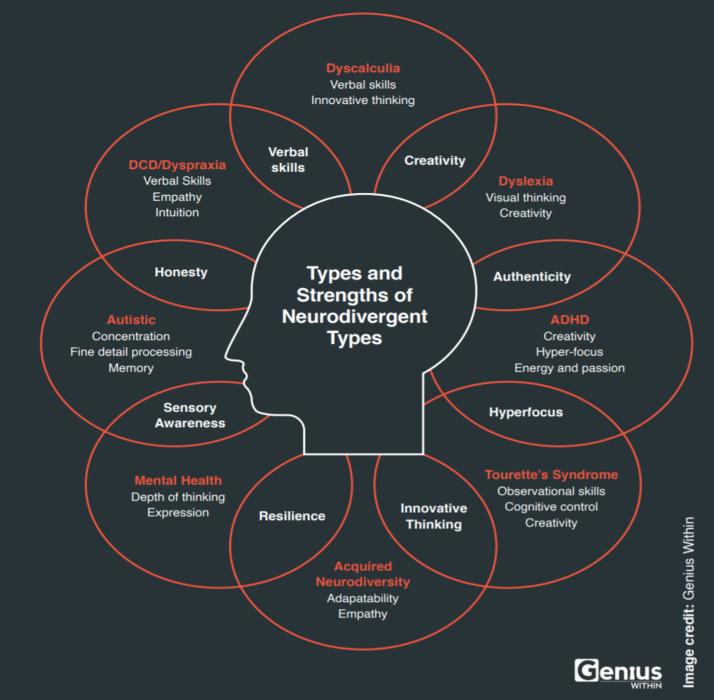
We could all be better at communicating more concisely, clearly and impactfully

We hope that the toolkit will help to start a conversation and inform changes in planning and the ways in which we engage with each other

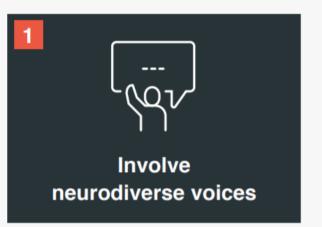
**Jennifer Offord - Neurodiversity in planning network** 

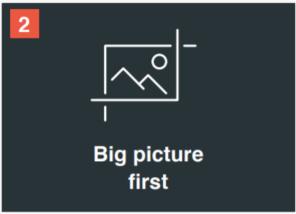
# **Defining Neurodiversity**

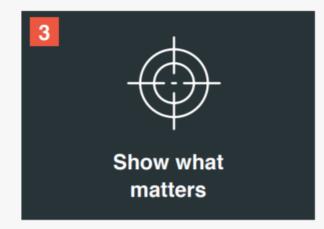
- Neurodiversity: Neurodiversity is the concept that all humans vary in terms of neurocognition. The term neurodiversity recognises the unique strengths and challenges that may derive from thinking, learning and communicating differently.
- Neurodivergence: When an individual diverges from the dominant societal standards of 'typical' neurocognitive functioning, they don't 'have neurodiversity', they're neurodivergent. Types of neurodivergent conditions include for example: Dyslexia, Dyspraxia, Autism, ADHD and Tourette Syndrome. Being neurodivergent often brings exceptional skills and talents, such as innovation, creativity and problem solving. Neurodivergent and neurominority are terms which may be used interchangeably.
- The graphic on the right hand side shows types of neurodiversity (marked in orange) and common traits (written in white) that neurodivergent people can experience.
- However, being neurodivergent in a world set up for neurotypical people can lead to the experience of barriers that result in exclusion. For example, some may find themselves overwhelmed by dense written content or busy visual stimulus in some physical environments.
- Neurotypical: Is sometimes used to describe people who are not neurodivergent.



# The seven principles



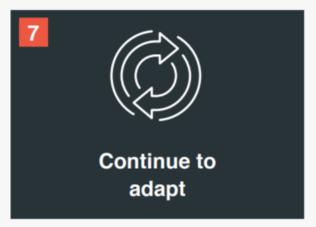




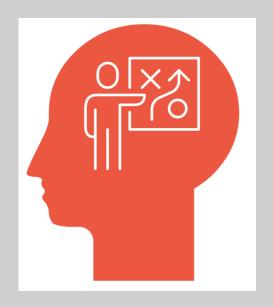








So many people are neurodivergent that these principles should apply to all of your communications efforts.









# Visual stress

Visual stress is a separate to dyslexia

It causes distortions and discomfort

This can make reading difficult and tiring

Using a correct tint increases reading speed by up to 38%

Sensitivity, response and colour preference changes over time

#### Words Blurring

Visual Stress is a neurological condition, triggered by lights, patterns, contrast and/or colour. This sensitivity to visual stringly causes the visual cortex to become hyper-activated, leading to physical discomfort and perceptual distortions that interfere with reading, attention, coordination and general health and behaviour, Physical symptoms of Visual Stress include headaches. eye pain or strain, fatigue, and or nausea. Perceptual symptoms of Visual Stress include illusions of light and colour, instability of text, lines or patterns, and depth perception difficulties.

#### Seeing the 'White Rivers' in text

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#### Colour blobs appearing on page

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# **Examples**















- Clear layout
- Use of numbers above exhibition boards to show clear journey and hierarchy
- · Audio versions of exhibition



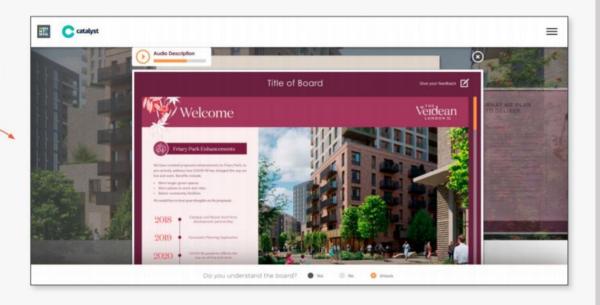






#### **Consultation Website**

- · Guided user journey
- · Contrasting use of colours
- · Choice of navigation based on preference (arrows or menu)
- · Audio description of boards for those who prefer different formats



# **Examples**













#### **Consultation Asset**

- · Clear user journey
- · Clean and consistent layout
- Plain English
- · Also available in alternative formats (audio, large print)











#### **Tailored Material**

- · Easy read version of consultation material
- · Use of alternative format, simpler layout, readily available rather than on request





Thank you for reading our latest newsletter on plans for a new nuclear power station at Sizewell.

My name is Julia Pyke. I am the Nuclear Development Director.



In June, the UK's Planning Inspectorate (PINS) accepted our application for a Development Consent Order (DCO) to build Sizewell C.



Since then hundreds of residents, community organisations and stakeholders like Natural England and the Environment Agency have sent their views on our application.



One of the issues people and organisations like East Suffolk and Suffolk County Councils are most worried about is the number of big lorries on roads near Sizewell C.

# **Terminology**

### Dyslexia, Dyspraxia, Dyscalculia and Dysgraphia

- These are all types of applied developmental neurominority.
- People are born with Dyslexia, Dyspraxia, Dyscalculia or Dysgraphia.
- The impact shows up in a specific setting or with a task involving a specific skill, such as reading or motor control.
- They are not considered a health condition.

#### Tourette Syndrome, Autism, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) Non- Verbal Learning Difference

- These are all types of clinical developmental neurominority.
- People are born with Tourette Syndrome, Autism, Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) or Non- Verbal Learning Difference.
- The impact shows up across all aspects of a person's behaviour.
- They are currently considered as health conditions.

#### Mental III Health and Acquired Neurominority (potentially transient)

- This develops in response to a mental health condition such as anxiety or depression.
- People could return to "neurotypical" if their health condition resolves.

#### **Neurological Illness or Brain Injury**

- These are acquired neurominority experiences.
- They develop in response to a health condition such as anxiety or depression.
- They have the potential to resolve as the heals or worsen as health deteriorates.

## What is Neurodiversity (Genius

Within, 2021) - available at:

https://www.geniuswithin.co.uk/what-is-neurodiversity/

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Designing accessible services (UK Government, 2016) - available at: https://ukhomeoffice.github.io/accessibility-posters/

Inclusion Standards Guide (Alliance for Inclusive Education, 2011) – available at: https://www.allfie.org.uk/inclusion-resources/inclusion-standardsguide/

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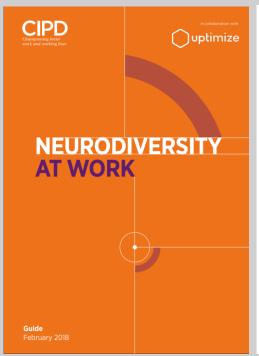
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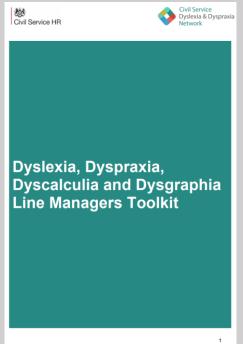
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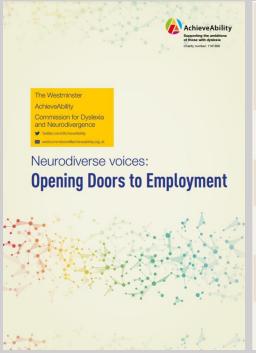
When every day is sensory overload (Planning, 2018): https://www.planning.org/planning/2018/oct/sensoryoverload/

# Terminology

# Bibliography





















## **Diversity and Inclusion in engagement**

"Diversity is being invited to the party; Inclusion is being asked to dance" Verna Myers

We need to recognise that some people may require more support than others in order to be able to dance — but when we are all on the dance floor, what a party that will be.





# The next steps

- Recognise value added to a scheme by diverse and inclusive engagement – shaping our future is not just for the few
- Need to use the toolkit and share experiences
- Let the conversation begin



